

BEFORE THE ADJUDICATING OFFICER
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA
[ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. ORDER/NH/KL/2023-24/27426]

UNDER SECTION 15-I OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA ACT, 1992 READ WITH RULE 5 OF SEBI (PROCEDURE FOR HOLDING INQUIRY AND IMPOSING PENALTIES) RULES, 1995.

In respect of
Amanat Mercantile Private Limited
PAN AAHCA6308D

In the matter of Trading in Illiquid Stock Options on BSE

FACTS OF THE CASE

1. Securities and Exchange Board of India (hereinafter referred to as 'SEBI') observed large scale reversal of trades in stock options segment of Bombay Stock Exchange (hereinafter referred to as 'BSE'). SEBI observed that such large scale reversal of trades in stock options led to creation of artificial volume at BSE. In view of the same, SEBI conducted an investigation into the trading activities of certain entities in illiquid stock options at BSE for the period April 1, 2014 to September 30, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as 'IP' / 'investigation period').
2. Pursuant to investigation, it was observed that a total of 2,91,744 trades were executed by 14,720 entities in the stock options segment of BSE during the investigation period. The aforesaid trades comprised 81.40% of all the trades executed in the BSE Stock Options Segment during the said period. These trades resulted in creation of artificial volume in stock options segment of BSE during the IP. It was observed that one M/s Amanat Mercantile Private Limited (PAN – AAHCA6308D) (hereinafter referred to as the 'Noticee') was one of the various entities who indulged in execution of reversal

trades in stock options segment of BSE during the IP. Such trades were observed to be non-genuine in nature and created false or misleading appearance of trading in terms of artificial volumes in stock options and therefore were alleged to be manipulative, deceptive in nature. In view of the same, it is alleged that the Noticee violated the provisions of Regulations 3 (a), (b), (c), (d), 4(1) and 4 (2) (a) of SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices) Regulations, 2003 (hereinafter referred to as 'PFUTP Regulations'). Therefore, SEBI initiated adjudication proceedings against the Noticee.

APPOINTMENT OF ADJUDICATING OFFICER

3. The undersigned was appointed as the Adjudicating Officer in the matter, vide order dated July 27, 2022, under Section 15-I of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (hereinafter referred to as "SEBI Act") read with Section 19 of the SEBI Act and Rule 3 of the SEBI (Procedure for Holding Inquiry and Imposing Penalties) Rules, 1995 (hereinafter referred to as 'Adjudication Rules') to inquire into and adjudge under the provisions of Section 15HA of SEBI Act, the aforesaid alleged violations by Noticee.

SHOW CAUSE NOTICE, REPLY AND HEARING

4. A Show Cause Notice bearing reference no. EAD2/NH/KL/36028 dated August 02, 2022 (hereinafter referred to as 'SCN') was issued to the Noticee under Rule 4(1) of the Adjudication Rules to show cause as to why an inquiry should not be initiated against him for the alleged violation of Regulations 3(a),(b),(c),(d) and 4(1), 4(2)(a) of PFUTP Regulations, 2003 and why penalty should not be imposed under section 15HA of the SEBI Act for the violations alleged to have been committed by the Noticee. Vide the said SCN dated August 02, 2022, the Noticee was informed about the SEBI Settlement Scheme 2022, commenced in terms of Regulation 26 of the Securities and

Exchange Board of India (Settlement Proceedings) Regulations, 2018 in the instant matter of Illiquid Stock Options. Further, in case, the Noticee did not wish to avail the facility under the SEBI Settlement Scheme, 2022, the Noticee was advised to file a reply to the SCN within 30 days of the receipt of the SCN.

5. I note that in the course of the proceedings, it has come on record that the status of the Noticee on the website of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs has been displayed as 'Strike-off', indicating that the Noticee has been struck-off from the records of the Register of Companies.
6. In this regard, it is noted that the Registrar of Companies, Kolkata ('ROC- Kolkata') has struck off and dissolved the Noticee from the register of companies in terms of the provisions of Section 248 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 vide Public Notice (Form no. STK -7) dated July 12, 2021. It is seen that the said notice which includes the name of the Noticee (Sl. No.2483) has been published on 'The Gazette of India' dated July 24, 2021. The said details were received from ROC Kolkata, vide email (roc.kolkata@mca.gov.in) dated May 26, 2023.
7. The relevant provision of the Companies Act, 2013, in this regard are reproduced below for reference:

248. Power of Registrar to remove name of company from register of companies.

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(5) At the expiry of the time mentioned in the notice, the Registrar may, unless cause to the contrary is shown by the company, strike off its name from the register of companies, and shall publish notice thereof in the Official Gazette, and on the publication in the Official Gazette of this notice, the company shall stand dissolved.

Effect of company notified as dissolved

250. Where a company stands dissolved under section 248, it shall on and from the date mentioned in the notice under sub-section (5) of that section cease to operate as a company and the Certificate of Incorporation issued to it shall be deemed to have been cancelled from such date except for the purpose of realising the amount due to the company and for the payment or discharge of the liabilities or obligations of the company

8. Further, the details of Noticee such as 'date of incorporation' and 'Noticee name' as obtained from Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) website have been verified with the PAN number of Noticee (AAHCA6308D) on the website of 'Income Tax Department' at the website's link viz. <https://eportal.incometax.gov.in/iec/foservices/#!/pre-login/verifyYourPAN>
9. The Hon'ble Delhi High Court in the matter of Commissioner of Income Tax (CIT) vs Vived Marketing Services (P) Ltd. (ITA NO. 273/2009 dated September 17, 2009), *inter-alia*, held that:

"When the Assessing Officer passed the order of assessment against the respondent company, it had already been dissolved and struck off the register of the Registrar of companies under Section 560 of the Companies Act. In these circumstances, the Tribunal rightly held that there could not have been any assessment order passed against the company which was not in existence as on that date in the eyes of law it had already been dissolved. We are of the opinion that the view taken by the Tribunal is perfectly valid and in accordance with law."

ORDER

10. In view of the facts and circumstances as noted in the preceding paragraphs and also the fact that the Noticee's name has been struck-off from the RoC list and also 'dissolved' as on July 12, 2021 as per the RoC notification, I conclude that the present adjudication proceedings against the Noticee i.e. M/s. Amanat Mercantile Private Limited (PAN: AAHCA6308D) cannot be proceeded further. The fact that the name of the Noticee has been struck-off and liabilities in respect of the present proceedings had not accrued as on the date of dissolution of the Noticee, it would not be appropriate to determine liability against a company which no longer exists. Hence, the proceedings are hereby disposed of without going into the merits of the case. Should the Noticee stand revived or restored at any stage, a decision to initiate proceedings may be taken afresh at that stage. The SCN dated August 02, 2022, stands disposed of accordingly.
11. Copy of this Adjudication Order is being sent to SEBI in terms of Rule 6 of the Adjudication Rules

Date: June 14, 2023

N HARIHARAN

Place: Mumbai

ADJUDICATING OFFICER